Nomura Real Estate Master Fund, Inc.

The Report on Financial Results and Operational Status

for the six-month period ended February 29, 2024



Independent Auditor's Report

The Board of Directors Nomura Real Estate Master Fund, Inc.

The Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Nomura Real Estate Master Fund, Inc. (the Company), which comprise the balance sheet as at February 29, 2024, and the statements of income and retained earnings, changes in net assets, and cash flows for the sixmonth period then ended, and notes to the financial statements.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as at February 29, 2024, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the six-month period then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in Japan.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in Japan. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Japan, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Other Information

Other information comprises the information included in disclosure documents that contain audited financial statements, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

We have concluded that other information does not exist. Accordingly, we have not performed any work related to other information.

Responsibilities of Management and the Supervisory Director for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in Japan, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern and disclosing, as required by accounting principles generally accepted in Japan, matters related to going concern.



The Supervisory Director is responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in Japan, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.
- Consider internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
 appropriate in the circumstances for our risk assessments, while the purpose of the audit of
 the financial statements is not expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's
 internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the
 disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and
 events in a manner that achieves fair presentation in accordance with accounting principles
 generally accepted in Japan.

We communicate with the Executive Director regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Executive Director with a statement that we have complied with the ethical requirements regarding independence that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Japan, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied to reduce threats to an acceptable level.



Fee-related Information

The fees for the audits of the financial statements of the Company and other services provided by us and other EY member firms for the six-month period ended February 29, 2024 are 26 million yen and 10 million yen, respectively.

Interest Required to Be Disclosed by the Certified Public Accountants Act of Japan

Our firm and its designated engagement partners do not have any interest in the Company which is required to be disclosed pursuant to the provisions of the Certified Public Accountants Act of Japan.

Ernst & Young ShinNihon LLC Tokyo, Japan

May 29, 2024

佐藤 賢治

Kenji Sato Designated Engagement Partner Certified Public Accountant

井上 裕人

Hiroto Inoue Designated Engagement Partner Certified Public Accountant

Nomura Real Estate Master Fund, Inc.

17th Fiscal Period Report on Financial Results and Operational Status

BALANCE SHEET

Thousands of Yen

	As of August 31, 2023	As of February 29, 2024
ASSETS		
Current Assets:		
Cash and bank deposits	51,034,810	45,099,668
Rental receivables	781,218	749,351
Income taxes receivable	-	34
Other current assets	1,629,496	1,629,922
Total current assets	53,445,524	47,478,976
Property and Equipment:		
Land	754,346,770	759,721,045
Buildings and structures	377,020,294	380,294,089
Machinery and equipment	2,454,650	2,563,598
Tools, furniture and fixtures	2,253,370	2,376,276
Leased assets	10,869	10,869
Construction in progress	131,451	439,315
Subtotal	1,136,217,406	1,145,405,194
Less accumulated depreciation	(82,687,830)	(87,930,673)
Net property and equipment	1,053,529,575	1,057,474,521
Investments and Other Assets:		
Goodwill	64,609,037	61,986,794
Leasehold rights	16,837,774	16,801,187
Intangible assets	42,143	36,207
Long-term prepaid expenses	2,097,045	1,942,522
Long-term deposits	377,214	395,944
Security deposits	1,048,372	1,038,372
Deferred investment corporation bond issuance costs	140,367	131,305
Total investments and other assets	85,151,956	82,332,334
Total Assets	1,192,127,056	1,187,285,832

Thousands of Yen			
	As of August 31, 2023	As of February 29, 2024	
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities:			
Trade accounts payable	3,113,216	1,930,580	
Short-term debt	2,000,000	-	
Current portion of investment corporation bonds	-	9,000,000	
Current portion of long-term debt	47,935,600	50,810,600	
Lease obligations in trust	3,476	3,476	
Other accounts payable	3,237,588	2,886,403	
Accrued expenses	363,992	355,543	
Accrued income taxes	567	605	
Accrued consumption taxes	567,900	540,550	
Rent received in advance	5,634,159	5,606,791	
Unearned revenue	2,324	-	
Derivatives liabilities	4,094	_	
Other current liabilities	26,974	13,334	
Total current liabilities	62,889,893	71,147,884	
Long-term Liabilities:			
Investment corporation bonds	34,000,000	25,000,000	
Long-term debt	437,442,000	436,524,200	
Lease obligations in trust	3,548	1,809	
Security deposits from tenants	42,718,601	42,614,953	
Asset retirement obligations	382,713	385,407	
Total long-term liabilities	514,546,862	504,526,371	
	, ,		
Total Liabilities	577,436,756	575,674,255	
	, ,		
NET ASSETS			
Unitholders' Equity:			
Unitholders' capital	245,067,403	245,114,136	
Surplus	, ,		
Capital surplus	394,012,959	394,012,959	
Allowance for temporary difference adjustment	(23,672,034)	(23,625,301)	
Other deductions from capital surplus	(17,486,361)	(17,533,094)	
Total deductions from capital surplus	(41,158,395)	(41,158,395)	
Net capital surplus	352,854,563	352,854,563	
Voluntary retained earnings	332,037,303	332,034,303	
Reserve for tax purpose reduction entry of replacement			
assets	-	82,329	
Total voluntary retained earnings	-	82,329	
Retained earnings	16,772,428	13,560,547	
Total surplus	369,626,991	366,497,440	

Thousands of Yen

	As of August 31, 2023	As of February 29, 2024
Total unitholders' equity	614,694,394	611,611,576
Valuation and Translation Adjustments:		
Deferred gains or losses on hedges	(4,094)	-
Total valuation and translation adjustments	(4,094)	-
Total Net Assets	614,690,300	611,611,576
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	1,192,127,056	1,187,285,832

STATEMENT OF INCOME AND RETAINED EARNINGS

	For the period from March 1, 2023 to August 31, 2023	For the period from September 1, 2023 to February 29, 2024
OPERATING REVENUES AND EXPENSES		
Operating Revenues:		
Real estate rental revenues	38,939,320	38,833,259
Gain on sales of real estate	4,706,215	542,158
	43,645,535	39,375,417
Operating Expenses:		
Real estate rental expenses	17,622,483	17,404,131
Asset management fees	3,658,994	3,451,062
Asset custody fees	57,120	57,549
Administrative service fees	175,536	164,825
Amortization of goodwill	2,622,242	2,622,242
Other operating expenses	577,663	503,364
	24,714,040	24,203,176
Operating Income NON-OPERATING REVENUES AND EXPENSES	18,931,494	15,172,240
Non-Operating Revenues:		
Interest income	849	227
Interest income Reversal of dividends payable	4,378	2,792
Interest income		
Interest income Reversal of dividends payable Other non-operating revenues	4,378 137	2,792 5,006
Interest income Reversal of dividends payable	4,378 137 5,365	2,792 5,006
Interest income Reversal of dividends payable Other non-operating revenues Non-Operating Expenses:	4,378 137	2,792 5,006 8,025
Interest income Reversal of dividends payable Other non-operating revenues Non-Operating Expenses: Interest expenses Interest expenses on investment corporation bonds Amortization of investment corporation bonds issuance	4,378 137 5,365 1,588,858	2,792 5,006 8,025
Interest income Reversal of dividends payable Other non-operating revenues Non-Operating Expenses: Interest expenses Interest expenses on investment corporation bonds Amortization of investment corporation bonds issuance costs	4,378 137 5,365 1,588,858 174,755 8,367	2,792 5,006 8,025 1,576,088 180,813 9,137
Interest income Reversal of dividends payable Other non-operating revenues Non-Operating Expenses: Interest expenses Interest expenses on investment corporation bonds Amortization of investment corporation bonds issuance costs Loan arrangement fees	4,378 137 5,365 1,588,858 174,755	2,792 5,006 8,025 1,576,088 180,813 9,137 453,024
Interest income Reversal of dividends payable Other non-operating revenues Non-Operating Expenses: Interest expenses Interest expenses on investment corporation bonds Amortization of investment corporation bonds issuance costs	4,378 137 5,365 1,588,858 174,755 8,367 433,074	2,792 5,006 8,025 1,576,088 180,813 9,137
Interest income Reversal of dividends payable Other non-operating revenues Non-Operating Expenses: Interest expenses Interest expenses on investment corporation bonds Amortization of investment corporation bonds issuance costs Loan arrangement fees	4,378 137 5,365 1,588,858 174,755 8,367 433,074 2,296	2,792 5,006 8,025 1,576,088 180,813 9,137 453,024 2,305
Interest income Reversal of dividends payable Other non-operating revenues Non-Operating Expenses: Interest expenses Interest expenses on investment corporation bonds Amortization of investment corporation bonds issuance costs Loan arrangement fees Other non-operating expenses	4,378 137 5,365 1,588,858 174,755 8,367 433,074 2,296 2,207,352	2,792 5,006 8,025 1,576,088 180,813 9,137 453,024 2,305 2,221,369

Thousands of Yen

	For the period from March 1, 2023 to August 31, 2023	For the period from September 1, 2023 to February 29, 2024
Income before Income Taxes	16,747,418	12,958,897
Income Taxes:		
Current	605	605
	605	605
Net Income	16,746,813	12,958,292
Retained earnings brought forward	25,614	602,255
Retained Earnings at End of Period	16,772,428	13,560,547

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

For the period from March 1, 2023 to August 31, 2023

_						Tho	ousands of Yen
			J	Jnitholders' Equity	y		
		,			Surplus		
		_			Capital surplus		
		Unitholders'		Deducti	ons from capital s	surplus	
	Units	capital	Capital surplus	Allowance for temporary difference adjustment	Other deductions from capital surplus	Total deductions from capital surplus	Net capital surplus
Balance as of March 1, 2023	4,715,200	245,043,416	394,012,959	(22,140,004)	(17,349,209)	(39,489,214)	354,523,744
Distributions of retained earnings	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Reversal of allowance for temporary difference adjustments	-	23,986	-	23,986	(23,986)	<u>-</u>	-
Distributions in excess of net earnings from allowance for temporary difference adjustments	-	-	-	(1,556,016)	-	(1,556,016)	(1,556,016)
Other distributions in excess of net earnings	=	-	-	-	(113,164)	(113,164)	(113,164)
Net income	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Net changes of items other than unitholders' equity	-	-	-	=	=	-	-
Total changes of items during the period	-	23,986	-	(1,532,029)	(137,151)	(1,669,180)	(1,669,180)
Balance as of August 31, 2023	4,715,200	245,067,403	394,012,959	(23,672,034)	(17,486,361)	(41,158,395)	352,854,563

					Tho	ousands of Yen
_	Unitholders' Equity			Valuation an Adjust		
_ _	Surplus			Deferred gains	Total	Total
	Retained earnings	Total surplus	Total unitholders' equity	or losses on hedges	valuation and translation adjustments	net assets
Balance as of March 1, 2023	13,997,163	368,520,907	613,564,324	(23,838)	(23,838)	613,540,485
Distributions of retained earnings	(13,947,561)	(13,947,561)	(13,947,561)	-	-	(13,947,561)
Reversal of allowance for temporary difference adjustments	(23,986)	(23,986)	-	-	-	-
Distributions in excess of net earnings from allowance for temporary difference adjustments	-	(1,556,016)	(1,556,016)	-	-	(1,556,016)
Other distributions in excess of net earnings	-	(113,164)	(113,164)	-	-	(113,164)
Net income	16,746,813	16,746,813	16,746,813	-	-	16,746,813
Net changes of items other than unitholders' equity	-	-	-	19,744	19,744	19,744
Total changes of items during the period	2,775,264	1,106,083	1,130,070	19,744	19,744	1,149,815
Balance as of August 31, 2023	16,772,428	369,626,991	614,694,394	(4,094)	(4,094)	614,690,300

						The	ousands of Yen
			Ţ	Jnitholders' Equity	y'		
					Surplus		
		_			Capital surplus		
		Unitholders'		Deducti	ons from capital s	surplus	
	Units	capital	Capital surplus	Allowance for temporary difference adjustment	Other deductions from capital surplus	Total deductions from capital surplus	Net capital surplus
Balance as of September 1, 2023	4,715,200	245,067,403	394,012,959	(23,672,034)	(17,486,361)	(41,158,395)	352,854,563
Distributions of retained earnings	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Provision of reserve for tax purpose reduction entry of replacement assets	-	-	-	_	_	-	-
Reversal of allowance for temporary difference adjustments	-	46,732	-	46,732	(46,732)	-	-
Distributions in excess of net earnings from allowance for temporary difference adjustments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other distributions in excess of net earnings	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Net income	=	-	-	-	=	=	-
Net changes of items other than unitholders' equity	-	-	-	-	=	-	-
Total changes of items during the period	-	46,732	-	46,732	(46,732)	-	-
Balance as of February 29, 2024	4,715,200	245,114,136	394,012,959	(23,625,301)	(17,533,094)	(41,158,395)	352,854,563

		U	nitholders' Equ	olders' Equity Valuation and Translation Adjustments		Valuation and Translation Adjustments		
		Sui	plus					
•	Voluntary reta	ined earnings			•		Total	
	Reserve for tax purpose reduction entry of replacement assets	Total voluntary retained earnings	Retained earnings	Total surplus	Total unitholders' equity	Deferred gains or losses on hedges	valuation and translation adjustments	Total net assets
Balance as of September 1, 2023	-	-	16,772,428	369,626,991	614,694,394	(4,094)	(4,094)	614,690,300
Distributions of retained earnings	-	-	(16,041,110)	(16,041,110)	(16,041,110)	-	-	(16,041,110)
Provision of reserve for tax purpose reduction entry of replacement assets	82,329	82,329	(82,329)	-	-	-	-	-
Reversal of allowance for temporary difference adjustments	-	-	(46,732)	(46,732)	-	-	-	-
Distributions in excess of net earnings from allowance for temporary difference adjustments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other distributions in excess of net earnings	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-
Net income	-	-	12,958,292	12,958,292	12,958,292	-	-	12,958,292
Net changes of items other than unitholders' equity		-				4,094	4,094	4,094
Total changes of items during the period	82,329	82,329	(3,211,880)	(3,129,550)	(3,082,817)	4,094	4,094	(3,078,723)
Balance as of February 29, 2024	82,329	82,329	13,560,547	366,497,440	611,611,576	-	-	611,611,576

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

	For the period from March 1, 2023 to August 31, 2023	For the period from September 1, 2023 to February 29, 2024
CASH FLOWS		
Cash Flows from Operating Activities		
Income before income taxes	16,747,418	12,958,897
Depreciation	5,780,887	5,776,440
Amortization of goodwill	2,622,242	2,622,242
Amortization of investment corporation bonds issuance costs	8,367	9,137
Increase (Decrease) in provision for loss on disaster	(20,370)	-
Interest income	(849)	(227)
Interest expense	1,763,613	1,756,901
Loss on disposal of property and equipment	17,887	32,981
Decrease (Increase) in rental receivables	(57,880)	31,834
Decrease (increase) in prepaid expenses	(91,717)	84,493
Decrease (Increase) in long-term prepaid expenses	14,470	154,523
Decrease (Increase) in long-term deposits	(7,707)	(18,719)
Increase (Decrease) in trade accounts payable	1,148,781	(1,182,636)
Increase (Decrease) in other accounts payable	202,451	(223,011)
Increase (Decrease) in accrued consumption taxes	(320,452)	(27,349)
Increase (Decrease) in rent received in advance	50,762	(27,368)
Decrease in property and equipment due to sales	4,676,702	2,337,451
Decrease in property and equipment in trust due to sales	6,851,573	-
Other	(94,520)	(102,719)
Subtotal	39,291,661	24,182,872
Interest received	849	227
Interest paid	(1,740,984)	(1,767,674)
Income taxes paid	(1,957)	(602)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	37,549,568	22,414,822
Cash Flows from Investing Activities		
Payments for purchases of property and equipment	(24,298,936)	(12,167,829)
Payments for purchases of leasehold rights and intangible assets	(3,641,682)	(6,251)
Reimbursement of security deposits to tenants	(1,868,546)	(1,604,465)
Proceeds from security deposits from tenants	2,055,426	1,500,850
Payments for security deposits	(172,644)	-
Proceeds from security deposits	45	10,000
Other	-	(10)
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	(27,926,338)	(12,267,706)

Thousands of Ten					
	For the period	For the period			
	from	from			
	March 1, 2023	September 1, 2023			
	to August 31, 2023	to February 29, 2024			
Cash Flows from Financing Activities					
Proceeds from short-term debt	4,000,000	-			
Repayment of short-term debt	(2,000,000)	(2,000,000)			
Proceeds from long-term debt	30,800,000	26,550,000			
Repayments of long-term debt	(30,842,800)	(24,592,800)			
Proceeds from investment corporation bonds	2,000,000	-			
Payments for investment corporation bond issuance	(23,100)	(122)			
Distributions to unitholders	(13,945,956)	(16,038,393)			
Distributions in excess of net earnings from allowance for	(1,556,390)	(211)			
temporary difference adjustments					
Other distributions in excess of net earnings	(114,178)	(730)			
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	(11,682,426)	(16,082,257)			
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(2,059,196)	(5,935,142)			
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Period	53,094,006	51,034,810			
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Period	51,034,810	45,099,668			

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. ORGANIZATION

Nomura Real Estate Master Fund, Inc. (NMF) is a real estate investment corporation formed to own and invest primarily in office buildings, retail facilities, logistics and residential facilities. NMF is externally managed by a licensed asset management company, Nomura Real Estate Asset Management Co., Ltd. ("NREAM"). NREAM is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Nomura Real Estate Holdings, Inc. NMF was established on October 1, 2015 through the consolidation type merger involving the former Nomura Real Estate Master Fund, Inc. (hereinafter the "former NMF"), Nomura Real Estate Office Fund, Inc. (hereinafter "NOF") and Nomura Real Estate Residential Fund, Inc. (hereinafter "NRF"), and listed its investment securities (TSE code: 3462) on the Real Estate Investment Trust Section of the Tokyo Stock Exchange on October 2 of the same year.

NMF adopts the basic policy of investing primarily in real estate and other assets to secure stable income and steady growth of assets under management over the medium to long term. In order to realize this basic policy, NMF adopts an investment strategy that centers on the Greater Tokyo area (Tokyo, Kanagawa, Chiba and Saitama prefectures), which has strong tenant demand, while also considering regional diversification through the three major metropolitan areas and cabinet-order designated cities, etc. By combining the "diversified type strategy" in which investments are made in facilities of a variety of sectors such as office buildings, retail facilities, logistics and residential facilities with the "large-scale REIT strategy," which pursues the effects of diversifying properties and tenants, to make the portfolio more stable as well as with the utilization of the "leasing value chain" with the Nomura Real Estate Group, the sponsor, NMF will aim to increase unitholder value by securing stable income and steady growth of assets under management over the medium to long term.

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

NMF maintains its accounting records and prepares its financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in Japan ("Japanese GAAP"), including provisions set forth in the Investment Trust Act of Japan, the Companies Act of Japan, the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act of Japan and related regulations, which are different in certain respects as to the application and disclosure requirements of International Financial Reporting Standards.

The accompanying financial statements are a translation of the audited financial statements of NMF, which were prepared in accordance with Japanese GAAP and were presented in NMF's Securities Report filed with the Kanto Local Finance Bureau. In preparing the accompanying financial statements, certain reclassifications and modifications have been made to the financial statements issued domestically in order to present them in a format that is more familiar to readers outside Japan. In addition, the notes to financial statements include certain information that might not be required under Japanese GAAP but is presented herein as additional information. Amounts have been rounded to the nearest thousand yen in the accompanying financial statements and the notes thereto, whereas amounts were truncated in the Japanese financial statements prepared in accordance with Japanese GAAP. NMF's fiscal period is a six-month period which ends at the end of February or August. NMF does not prepare consolidated financial statements because it has no subsidiaries.

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, deposits placed with banks and short-term investments that are highly liquid, readily convertible to cash, with an insignificant risk of market value fluctuation, and with a maturity of three months or less when purchased.

Property and equipment

Property and equipment are stated at cost, which includes the purchase price and related costs for acquisition, less accumulated depreciation.

Depreciation is calculated by the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the fixed assets outlined below:

Buildings 3 - 70 years
Structures 3 - 45 years
Machinery and equipment 6 - 17 years
Tools, furniture and fixtures 2 - 20 years

Intangible assets

Intangible assets are amortized by the straight-line method.

Goodwill is amortized using the straight-line method over 20 years.

Long-term prepaid expenses

Long-term prepaid expenses are amortized by the straight-line method.

Impairment of fixed assets

NMF reviews fixed assets for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value of its fixed assets may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognized if the carrying value of an asset exceeds the aggregate estimated future cash flows. If a fixed asset is determined to be impaired, it is written down to its recoverable amount and the write-down is recorded as an impairment loss during the period in which it occurs.

Deferred investment corporation bond issuance costs

Deferred investment corporation bond issuance costs are amortized by the straight-line method over the respective terms of the bonds.

Investment units issuance expenses

The entire amount is expensed as incurred.

Allowance for doubtful accounts

For allowance for doubtful accounts against possible losses arising from default on receivables, the uncollectable amount is estimated and recorded by investigating collectability based on historical loan loss ratios for general receivables and on a case-by-case examination for doubtful and other specific receivables.

Accounting treatment of beneficial interests in real estate

All assets and liabilities held in trust, for which the real estate in possession of NMF was entrusted, and all related earnings and expenses incurred are reflected in the accompanying balance sheet and statement of income and retained earnings, respectively.

Property related taxes

Property in Japan is subject to property taxes, urban planning taxes and depreciable property taxes on a calendar year basis. The taxes related to property are generally imposed based on the value of the relevant property and incurred for the fiscal period. The seller of a property is liable for property related taxes for the period from the purchase date through the end of that calendar year because taxes are imposed on the owner registered in the record as of January 1 for the entire year based on the assessment made by the local government. The amount applicable to the buyer of a property is usually settled between each party and capitalized as part of the acquisition cost of the property. The capitalized property related taxes amounted to \mathbb{Y}70,541 thousand for the fiscal period ended August 31, 2023 and \mathbb{Y}4,793 thousand for the fiscal period ended February 29, 2024.

Revenue recognition

Main performance obligations concerning revenues from contracts with NMF's customers and normal points in time when the obligations are satisfied (normal points in time when revenues are recognized) are as follows:

(1) Disposition of real estate

Gains on sale of real estate are recorded at the points in time when customers or the buyers acquire control over the real estate by NMF satisfying delivery obligations stipulated in the contracts on real estate disposition.

(2) Utility expense revenues

Utility expense revenues are recorded according to the supply of electricity, water, etc. to customers or the tenants based on the lease contracts and attached agreements.

Among utility expense revenues, when NMF is acting as an agent in a transaction, it is NMF's policy to recognize net amounts as revenues after deducting the amounts paid to the suppliers of electricity, gas, etc. from the amounts NMF received as utility charges.

Income taxes

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are computed based on the differences between the financial statements and income tax bases of assets and liabilities using the applicable statutory tax rates.

Method of accounting for non-deductible consumption tax, etc.

Non-deductible consumption tax, etc., on such items, as noncurrent assets is included in the acquisition costs of individual items.

Derivative financial instruments

NMF utilizes interest-rate swap contracts as derivative financial instruments only for the purpose of hedging its exposure to changes in interest rates. NMF defers recognition of gains or losses resulting from changes in the fair value of interest-rate swap contracts which meet the criteria for deferral hedge accounting.

Although deferral hedge accounting is generally applied, NMF applies the special treatment to those interest-rate swap contracts that meet the criteria for such special treatment. Under the special treatment, interest-rate swaps are not remeasured at fair value; instead, the net amount paid or received under the interest-rate swap contract is recognized and included in interest expense or income.

4. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and cash equivalents as of August 31, 2023 and February 29, 2024 consist of the following:

Thousands of Yen

	As of August 31, 2023	As of February 29, 2024
Cash and bank deposits	51,034,810	45,099,668
Cash and cash equivalents	51,034,810	45,099,668

Important contents of the non-cash transactions:

Not applicable.

5. ASSETS PLEDGED AS COLLATERAL AND SECURED LIABILITIES

The assets pledged as collateral are as follows:

Thousands of Yen

	As of August 31, 2023	As of February 29, 2024
Buildings in trust	3,099,226	3,057,257
Land in trust	6,096,368	6,096,368
Structures in trust	4,798	4,678
Tools, furniture and fixtures in trust	2,192	1,827
Total	9,202,585	9,160,131

The secured liabilities are as follows:

	As of August 31, 2023	As of February 29, 2024
Tenant leasehold and security deposits in trust	726,648	726,648
Total	726,648	726,648

6. SCHEDULE OF PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

Property and equipment as of August 31, 2023 and February 29, 2024 consist of the following:

	As of Augus	at 31, 2023	As of Februa	ary 29, 2024
	Acquisition costs	Book value	Acquisition costs	Book value
Land	323,187,364	323,187,364	325,877,255	325,877,255
Buildings and structures	164,283,311	122 720 225	164,621,950	121 220 476
Accumulated depreciation	(31,544,086)	132,739,225	(33,401,479)	131,220,470
Machinery and equipment	1,134,785	427.049	1,163,409	440 102
Accumulated depreciation	(706,837)	427,948	(723,306)	440,102
Tools, furniture and fixtures	917,119	404.652	1,028,500	546 191
Accumulated depreciation	(422,466)	494,652	(482,318)	546,181
Land in trust	431,159,406	431,159,406	433,843,789	433,843,789
Buildings and structures in trust	212,736,983	164 046 722	215,672,139	162 910 222
Accumulated depreciation	(48,690,250)	164,046,733	(51,861,906)	163,810,232
Machinery and equipment in trust	1,319,864	961 279	1,400,188	867,901
Accumulated depreciation	(458,486)	861,378	(532,287)	807,901
Tools, furniture and fixtures in trust	1,336,250	475.020	1,347,775	424.465
Accumulated depreciation	(861,219)	475,030	(923,309)	424,465
Lease assets in trust	10,869	6,385	10,869	4.905
Accumulated depreciation	(4,484)	0,383	(6,064)	4,805
Construction in progress	131,451	131,451	439,315	439,315
Total	1,053,529,575	1,053,529,575	1,057,474,521	1,057,474,521

7. DEBT FINANCING

Short-term debts as of August 31, 2023 and February 29, 2024 consist of the following:

	As of August 31, 2023		As of Febru	ary 29, 2024
	Amount	Weighted-average	Amount	Weighted-average
	(Thousands of Yen)	interest rate (Note 1)	(Thousands of Yen)	interest rate (Note 1)
Unsecured loans from a bank due on May 27, 2024	2,000,000	0.43545%	-	-
Total	2,000,000		-	

Long-term debts as of August 31, 2023 and February 29, 2024 consist of the following:

	As of Augu	ıst 31, 2023	As of February 29, 2024	
	Amount	Weighted-average	Amount	Weighted-average
	(Thousands of Yen)	interest rate (Note 1)	(Thousands of Yen)	interest rate (Note 1)
Unsecured loans from banks due on September 26, 2023	3,000,000	0.21545%	ļ	-
Unsecured loans from banks due on November 27, 2023	2,000,000	1.75900%	-	-
Unsecured loans from banks due on November 27, 2023	2,600,000	0.82800%	-	
Unsecured loans from banks due on November 27, 2023	4,000,000	0.49380%	-	
Unsecured loans from banks due on November 27, 2023	1,500,000	0.47483%	-	-
Unsecured loans from banks due on November 27, 2023	1,230,000	0.21545%	-	
Unsecured loans from a bank due on February 26, 2024	2,750,000	1.59400%	-	
Unsecured loans from banks due on February 26, 2024	1,300,000	0.53630%	-	
Unsecured loans from a bank due on February 26, 2024	500,000	0.24000%	-	
Unsecured loans from a bank due on February 26, 2024	1,000,000	0.18500%	-	
Unsecured loans from banks due on February 26, 2024	4,670,000	0.21545%	-	
Unsecured loans from banks due on May 27, 2024 (Note 2)	1,100,000	0.51000%	1,100,000	0.51000%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on May 27, 2024 (Note 2)	2,700,000	0.46376%	2,700,000	0.46376%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on May 27, 2024 (Note 2)	2,000,000	0.53676%	2,000,000	0.53676%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on June 26, 2024 (Note 2)	2,700,000	0.85925%	2,700,000	0.85925%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on June 26, 2024 (Note 2)	2,700,000	0.49533%	2,700,000	0.49533%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on August 26, 2024 (Note 2)	3,000,000	0.58175%	3,000,000	0.58175%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on August 26, 2024 (Note 2)	2,430,000	0.49971%	2,430,000	0.49971%
Unsecured loans from banks due on August 26, 2024 (Note 2)	5,670,000	0.49485%	5,670,000	0.49485%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on August 26, 2024 (Note 2)	1,000,000	0.28624%	1,000,000	0.28624%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on November 26, 2024 (Note 2)	2,250,000	0.50825%	2,250,000	0.50825%
Unsecured loans from banks due on November 26, 2024 (Note 2)	3,000,000	0.58000%	3,000,000	0.58000%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on November 26, 2024 (Note 2)	1,800,000	0.55979%	1,800,000	0.55979%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on November 26, 2024 (Note 2)	500,000	0.52384%	500,000	0.52384%
Unsecured loans from banks due on November 26, 2024 (Note 2)	2,000,000	0.42630%	2,000,000	0.42630%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on November 26, 2024 (Note 2)	800,000	0.21380%	800,000	0.21380%
Unsecured loans from banks due on November 26, 2024 (Note 2)	6,375,000	0.21545%	6,375,000	0.22455%
Unsecured loans from banks due on February 26, 2025 (Note 2)	4,200,000	0.62675%	4,200,000	0.62675%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on February 26, 2025 (Note 2)	1,000,000	0.52140%	1,000,000	0.52140%
Unsecured loans from banks due on February 26, 2025 (Note 2)	3,000,000	0.53936%	3,000,000	0.53936%
Unsecured loans from banks due on February 26, 2025 (Note 2)	1,500,000	0.53880%	1,500,000	0.53880%
Unsecured loans from banks due on February 26, 2025 (Note 2)	1,000,000	0.50604%	1,000,000	0.50604%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on May 26, 2025	2,000,000	0.60286%	2,000,000	0.60286%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on May 26, 2025	2,000,000	0.60286%	2,000,000	0.60286%
Unsecured loans from banks due on May 26, 2025	2,800,000	0.60286%	2,800,000	0.60286%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on May 26, 2025	1,000,000	0.61434%	1,000,000	0.61434%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on May 26, 2025	1,000,000	0.50506%	1,000,000	0.50506%
Unsecured loans from banks due on May 26, 2025	2,000,000	0.46301%	2,000,000	0.46301%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on May 26, 2025	1,000,000	0.19750%	1,000,000	0.19750%

	As of Augu	ıst 31, 2023	As of February 29, 2024	
	Amount	Weighted-average	Amount	Weighted-average
	(Thousands of Yen)	interest rate (Note 1)	(Thousands of Yen)	interest rate (Note 1)
Unsecured loans from banks due on May 26, 2025	4,000,000	0.21545%	4,000,000	0.22455%
Unsecured loans from banks due on August 26, 2025	3,000,000	0.56380%	3,000,000	0.56380%
Unsecured loans from banks due on August 26, 2025	4,050,000	0.58727%	4,050,000	0.58727%
Unsecured loans from banks due on August 26, 2025	1,850,000	0.67915%	1,850,000	0.67915%
Unsecured loans from banks due on August 26, 2025	2,600,000	0.60489%	2,600,000	0.60489%
Unsecured loans from banks due on August 26, 2025	3,000,000	0.58380%	3,000,000	0.58380%
Unsecured loans from banks due on August 26, 2025	4,000,000	0.21545%	4,000,000	0.22455%
Unsecured loans from banks due on August 26, 2025	3,000,000	0.21545%	3,000,000	0.22455%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on November 26, 2025	1,100,000	1.09830%	1,100,000	1.098309
Unsecured loans from a bank due on November 26, 2025	1,100,000	1.06250%	1,100,000	1.062509
Unsecured loans from a bank due on November 26, 2025	2,000,000	1.03955%	2,000,000	1.03955%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on November 26, 2025	2,000,000	0.59639%	2,000,000	0.59639%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on November 26, 2025	2,000,000	0.60448%	2,000,000	0.60448%
Unsecured loans from banks due on November 26, 2025	4,200,000	0.64616%	4,200,000	0.64616%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on November 26, 2025	900,000	0.65123%	900,000	0.65123%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on November 26, 2025	1,300,000	0.64278%	1,300,000	0.64278%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on November 26, 2025	1,000,000		1,000,000	0.59499%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on November 26, 2025	500,000		500,000	0.563119
Unsecured loans from banks due on February 26, 2026	4,000,000		4,000,000	0.74080%
Unsecured loans from banks due on February 26, 2026	2,500,000		2,500,000	0.59592%
Unsecured loans from banks due on February 26, 2026	800,000		800,000	0.37630%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on February 26, 2026	500,000		500,000	0.39196%
Unsecured loans from banks due on February 26, 2026	1,500,000		1,500,000	0.171369
Unsecured loans from a bank due on February 26, 2026	500,000		500,000	0.171307
Unsecured loans from a bank due on February 26, 2026	1,800,000		1,800,000	0.22455%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on May 26, 2026	2,500,000		2,500,000	0.63995%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on May 26, 2026	1,100,000		1,100,000	0.65267%
Unsecured loans from banks due on May 26, 2026	3,600,000		3,600,000	0.60880%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on May 26, 2026	1,000,000		1,000,000	
• •				0.37000%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on May 26, 2026	1,100,000		1,100,000	
Unsecured loans from a bank due on May 26, 2026	1,500,000		1,500,000	0.258739
Unsecured loans from a bank due on August 26, 2026	2,700,000		2,700,000	0.675919
Unsecured loans from a bank due on August 26, 2026	2,700,000		2,700,000	0.675919
Unsecured loans from banks due on August 26, 2026	3,000,000		3,000,000	0.77669%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on August 26, 2026	1,000,000		1,000,000	
Unsecured loans from banks due on August 26, 2026	3,000,000		3,000,000	0.67483%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on August 26, 2026	1,000,000		1,000,000	0.64500%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on August 26, 2026	1,000,000		1,000,000	0.421189
Unsecured loans from a bank due on August 26, 2026	500,000		500,000	0.43627%
Unsecured loans from banks due on August 26, 2026	1,500,000	0.20880%	1,500,000	0.20880%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on August 26, 2026	1,000,000		1,000,000	
Unsecured loans from banks due on August 26, 2026	6,700,000	0.20095%	6,700,000	0.22455%
Unsecured loans from banks due on August 26, 2026	-	_	3,000,000	0.22455%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on November 26, 2026	2,000,000	0.76000%	2,000,000	0.76000%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on November 26, 2026	2,000,000	0.74229%	2,000,000	0.74229%
Unsecured loans from banks due on November 26, 2026	4,165,000	0.73506%	4,165,000	0.73506%
Unsecured loans from banks due on November 26, 2026	4,000,000	0.69956%	4,000,000	0.69956%
Unsecured loans from banks due on November 26, 2026	1,500,000	0.64999%	1,500,000	0.649999

	As of Augu	ıst 31, 2023	As of Febru	ary 29, 2024
	Amount	Weighted-average	Amount	Weighted-average
	(Thousands of Yen)	interest rate (Note 1)	(Thousands of Yen)	interest rate (Note 1)
Unsecured loans from banks due on November 26, 2026	2,000,000	0.60750%	2,000,000	0.60750%
Unsecured loans from banks due on November 26, 2026	1,000,000	0.28000%	1,000,000	0.28000%
Unsecured loans from banks due on November 26, 2026	1,200,000	0.30000%	1,200,000	0.30000%
Unsecured loans from banks due on November 26, 2026	-	-	6,950,000	0.22455%
Unsecured loans from banks due on February 26, 2027	2,320,000	0.71500%	2,320,000	0.71500%
Unsecured loans from banks due on February 26, 2027	1,500,000	0.46630%	1,500,000	0.46630%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on February 26, 2027	500,000	0.44859%	500,000	0.44859%
Unsecured loans from banks due on February 26, 2027	1,000,000	0.48144%	1,000,000	0.48144%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on February 26, 2027	1,500,000	0.28500%	1,500,000	0.28500%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on February 26, 2027	1,000,000	0.28500%	1,000,000	0.28500%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on February 26, 2027	300,000	0.16205%	300,000	0.16205%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on February 26, 2027	500,000	0.10094%	500,000	0.10094%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on February 26, 2027	500,000	0.35139%	500,000	0.35139%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on February 26, 2027	500,000	0.24818%	500,000	0.24818%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on February 26, 2027	1,000,000	0.29065%	1,000,000	0.29065%
Unsecured loans from banks due on February 26, 2027	_	-	4,670,000	0.27091%
Unsecured loans from banks due on March 26, 2027	1,500,000	0.69068%	1,500,000	0.69068%
Unsecured loans from banks due on May 26, 2027	3,060,000	0.78177%	3,060,000	0.78177%
Unsecured loans from banks due on May 26, 2027	2,300,000	0.74736%	2,300,000	0.74736%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on May 26, 2027	1,800,000	0.70250%	1,800,000	0.70250%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on May 26, 2027	1,400,000	0.32000%	1,400,000	0.32000%
Unsecured loans from banks due on August 26, 2027	4,000,000		4,000,000	0.76843%
Unsecured loans from banks due on August 26, 2027	2,600,000		2,600,000	0.76290%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on August 26, 2027	1,000,000	0.74500%	1,000,000	0.74500%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on August 26, 2027	1,000,000	0.51356%	1,000,000	0.51356%
Unsecured loans from banks due on August 26, 2027	1,500,000	0.29000%	1,500,000	0.29000%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on August 26, 2027	600,000	0.32630%	600,000	0.32630%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on August 26, 2027	1,700,000	0.27130%	1,700,000	0.27130%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on August 26, 2027	1,780,000	0.46190%	1,780,000	0.46190%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on August 26, 2027	_	_	1,000,000	0.70164%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on November 26, 2027	2,000,000	0.89209%	2,000,000	0.89209%
Unsecured loans from banks due on November 26, 2027	5,000,000		5,000,000	0.79571%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on November 26, 2027	1,800,000		1,800,000	0.75050%
Unsecured loans from banks due on November 26, 2027	1,700,000		1,700,000	0.70750%
Unsecured loans from banks due on November 26, 2027	2,500,000		2,500,000	0.52234%
Unsecured loans from banks due on November 26, 2027	1,000,000		1,000,000	0.31630%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on November 26, 2027	750,000		750,000	0.29630%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on November 26, 2027	_	_	1,000,000	0.27591%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on February 28, 2028	1,000,000	0.82130%	1,000,000	0.82130%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on February 28, 2028	2,355,000		2,355,000	0.76241%
Unsecured loans from banks due on February 28, 2028	1,500,000		1,500,000	0.78296%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on February 28, 2028	1,800,000		1,800,000	0.79642%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on February 28, 2028	2,650,000		2,650,000	0.54205%
Unsecured loans from banks due on February 28, 2028	1,500,000		1,500,000	0.57365%
Unsecured loans from banks due on February 28, 2028	1,000,000		1,000,000	0.37303%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on February 28, 2028	1,000,000		1,000,000	0.17813%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on February 28, 2028 Unsecured loans from a bank due on February 28, 2028	1,000,000		1,000,000	0.41000%

	As of Augu	ıst 31, 2023	As of Febru	ary 29, 2024
	Amount	Weighted-average	Amount	Weighted-average
	(Thousands of Yen)	interest rate (Note 1)	(Thousands of Yen)	interest rate (Note 1)
Unsecured loans from a bank due on February 28, 2028	920,000	0.30000%	920,000	0.30000%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on February 28, 2028	1,000,000	0.47023%	1,000,000	0.47023%
Unsecured loans from banks due on May 26, 2028	5,000,000	0.79880%	5,000,000	0.79880%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on May 26, 2028	2,000,000	0.75922%	2,000,000	0.75922%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on May 26, 2028	1,550,000	0.55038%	1,550,000	0.55038%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on May 26, 2028	500,000	0.54010%	500,000	0.54010%
Unsecured loans from banks due on May 26, 2028	2,000,000	0.54750%	2,000,000	0.54750%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on May 26, 2028	1,400,000	0.40500%	1,400,000	0.40500%
Unsecured loans from banks due on August 28, 2028	3,600,000	0.84750%	3,600,000	0.84750%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on August 28, 2028	500,000	0.61005%	500,000	0.61005%
Unsecured loans from banks due on August 28, 2028	1,000,000	0.62163%	1,000,000	0.62163%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on August 28, 2028	500,000	0.62025%	500,000	0.62025%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on August 28, 2028	500,000	0.37500%	500,000	0.37500%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on August 28, 2028	1,000,000	0.40380%	1,000,000	0.40380%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on August 28, 2028	1,260,000	0.45375%	1,260,000	0.45375%
Unsecured loans from banks due on November 27, 2028	2,000,000	0.81130%	2,000,000	0.81130%
Unsecured loans from banks due on November 27, 2028	3,000,000	0.59375%	3,000,000	0.59375%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on November 27, 2028	1,800,000	0.50880%	1,800,000	0.50880%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on November 27, 2028	500,000	0.39380%	500,000	0.39380%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on November 27, 2028	1,000,000	0.40630%	1,000,000	0.40630%
Unsecured loans from banks due on February 26, 2029	2,500,000	0.65880%	2,500,000	0.65880%
Unsecured loans from banks due on February 26, 2029	1,400,000	0.67098%	1,400,000	0.67098%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on February 26, 2029	2,300,000	0.63692%	2,300,000	0.63692%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on February 26, 2029	500,000	0.63692%	500,000	0.63692%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on February 26, 2029	3,500,000	0.41815%	3,500,000	0.41815%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on February 26, 2029	500,000	0.37000%	500,000	0.37000%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on February 26, 2029	500,000	0.49750%	500,000	0.49750%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on February 26, 2029	1,500,000	0.55565%	1,500,000	0.55565%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on February 26, 2029	1,800,000	0.90134%	1,800,000	0.90134%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on February 26, 2029	-	_	800,000	0.30091%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on February 26, 2029	-	_	1,000,000	0.80315%
Unsecured loans from banks due on May 28, 2029	5,000,000	0.64000%	5,000,000	0.64000%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on May 28, 2029	800,000	0.55190%	800,000	0.55190%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on May 28, 2029	500,000	0.26451%	500,000	0.26451%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on May 28, 2029	1,000,000	0.45875%	1,000,000	0.45875%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on May 28, 2029	1,000,000	0.44880%	1,000,000	0.44880%
Unsecured loans from banks due on May 28, 2029	1,000,000	0.38500%	1,000,000	0.38500%
Unsecured loans from banks due on August 27, 2029	3,900,000	0.46130%	3,900,000	0.46130%
Unsecured loans from banks due on August 27, 2029	2,000,000	0.46130%	2,000,000	0.46130%
Unsecured loans from banks due on August 27, 2029	2,800,000	0.55845%	2,800,000	0.55845%
Unsecured loans from banks due on August 27, 2029	1,600,000	0.48380%	1,600,000	0.48380%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on August 27, 2029	1,500,000	0.48380%	1,500,000	0.48380%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on August 27, 2029	500,000	0.46380%	500,000	0.46380%
Unsecured loans from banks due on August 27, 2029	1,000,000	0.43880%	1,000,000	0.43880%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on August 27, 2029	1,800,000	0.40500%	1,800,000	0.40500%
Unsecured loans from banks due on August 27, 2029	1,250,000	0.64565%	1,250,000	0.64565%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on August 27, 2029	500,000	0.98711%	500,000	0.98711%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on August 27, 2029	1,000,000	0.86438%	1,000,000	0.86438%

	As of Augu	ıst 31, 2023	As of Febru	ary 29, 2024
	Amount	Weighted-average	Amount	Weighted-average
	(Thousands of Yen)	interest rate (Note 1)	(Thousands of Yen)	interest rate (Note 1)
Unsecured loans from a bank due on November 26, 2029	2,000,000	1.12506%	2,000,000	1.12506%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on November 26, 2029	2,000,000	1.12506%	2,000,000	1.12506%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on November 26, 2029	1,200,000	0.59500%	1,200,000	0.59500%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on November 26, 2029	1,000,000	0.59500%	1,000,000	0.59500%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on November 26, 2029	750,000	0.48000%	750,000	0.48000%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on November 26, 2029	500,000	0.59500%	500,000	0.59500%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on November 26, 2029	2,000,000	0.50630%	2,000,000	0.50630%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on November 26, 2029	750,000	0.47380%	750,000	0.47380%
Unsecured loans from banks due on November 26, 2029	4,000,000	0.54904%	4,000,000	0.54904%
Unsecured loans from banks due on February 26, 2030	4,250,000	0.52000%	4,250,000	0.52000%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on February 26, 2030	1,500,000	0.48000%	1,500,000	0.48000%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on February 26, 2030	600,000	0.40915%	600,000	0.40915%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on February 26, 2030	500,000	0.34054%	500,000	0.34054%
Unsecured loans from banks due on February 26, 2030	1,300,000	0.59482%	1,300,000	0.59482%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on February 26, 2030	1,500,000	0.52446%	1,500,000	0.52446%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on February 26, 2030	1,400,000	0.58630%	1,400,000	0.58630%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on February 26, 2030	1,000,000	0.58630%	1,000,000	0.58630%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on February 26, 2030	1,000,000	0.65249%	1,000,000	0.65249%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on February 26, 2030	1,300,000	1.04887%	1,300,000	1.04887%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on February 26, 2030	_	_	1,000,000	0.89688%
Unsecured loans from banks due on May 27, 2030	7,000,000	0.54630%	7,000,000	0.54630%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on May 27, 2030	800,000	0.52630%	800,000	0.52630%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on May 27, 2030	1,000,000	0.53250%	1,000,000	0.53250%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on May 27, 2030	1,000,000	0.55988%	1,000,000	0.55988%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on May 27, 2030	500,000	0.50485%	500,000	0.50485%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on May 27, 2030	720,000	0.59399%	720,000	0.59399%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on May 27, 2030	1,430,000	0.45862%	1,430,000	0.45862%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on May 27, 2030	1,000,000	0.52437%	1,000,000	0.52437%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on May 27, 2030	1,000,000	0.71487%	1,000,000	0.71487%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on May 27, 2030	1,000,000	0.71487%	1,000,000	0.71487%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on May 27, 2030	550,000	0.83509%	550,000	0.83509%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on May 27, 2030	1,000,000	0.81065%	1,000,000	0.81065%
Unsecured loans from banks due on August 26, 2030	2,000,000	0.56500%	2,000,000	0.56500%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on August 26, 2030	1,100,000	0.54500%	1,100,000	0.54500%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on August 26, 2030	300,000	0.54500%	300,000	0.54500%
Unsecured loans from banks due on August 26, 2030	500,000	0.52063%	500,000	0.52063%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on August 26, 2030	1,000,000		1,000,000	0.46000%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on August 26, 2030	1,000,000	0.56068%	1,000,000	0.56068%
Unsecured loans from banks due on August 26, 2030	2,000,000	0.75160%	2,000,000	0.75160%
Unsecured loans from banks due on August 26, 2030	2,300,000	1.13867%	2,300,000	1.13867%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on October 28, 2030	1,100,000		1,100,000	1.92250%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on October 28, 2030	1,100,000		1,100,000	1.91700%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on November 26, 2030	350,000		350,000	0.42630%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on November 26, 2030	500,000		500,000	0.53630%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on November 26, 2030	2,000,000		2,000,000	0.59763%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on November 26, 2030	1,000,000		1,000,000	0.59819%
Unsecured loans from banks due on November 26, 2030	2,000,000		2,000,000	0.89535%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on February 26, 2031	700,000		700,000	0.67750%

	As of Augu	ıst 31, 2023	As of Febru	ary 29, 2024
	Amount	Weighted-average	Amount	Weighted-average
	(Thousands of Yen)	interest rate (Note 1)	(Thousands of Yen)	interest rate (Note 1)
Unsecured loans from a bank due on February 26, 2031	2,000,000	0.67750%	2,000,000	0.67750%
Unsecured loans from banks due on February 26, 2031	4,000,000	0.67750%	4,000,000	0.67750%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on February 26, 2031	400,000	0.50000%	400,000	0.50000%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on February 26, 2031	420,000	0.65750%	420,000	0.65750%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on February 26, 2031	2,750,000	0.50226%	2,750,000	0.50226%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on February 26, 2031	1,800,000	0.52198%	1,800,000	0.52198%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on February 26, 2031	2,500,000	0.78474%	2,500,000	0.78474%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on February 26, 2031	1,300,000	1.21160%	1,300,000	1.21160%
Unsecured loans from banks due on February 26, 2031	2,050,000	1.19239%	2,050,000	1.19239%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on February 26, 2031	1,000,000	1.19239%	1,000,000	1.19239%
Unsecured loans from banks due on May 26, 2031	6,000,000	0.64130%	6,000,000	0.64130%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on May 26, 2031	3,500,000	0.64242%	3,500,000	0.64242%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on May 26, 2031	1,000,000	0.60556%	1,000,000	0.60556%
Unsecured loans from banks due on May 26, 2031	1,000,000	0.95338%	1,000,000	0.95338%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on May 26, 2031	2,250,000	0.93910%	2,250,000	0.93910%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on August 26, 2031	3,500,000	0.78816%	3,500,000	0.78816%
Unsecured loans from banks due on August 26, 2031	200,000	0.85750%	200,000	0.85750%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on August 26, 2031	2,500,000	1.15160%	2,500,000	1.15160%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on November 26, 2031	3,000,000	0.64630%	3,000,000	0.64630%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on November 26, 2031	1,900,000	0.47755%	1,900,000	0.47755%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on November 26, 2031	3,500,000	0.73988%	3,500,000	0.73988%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on November 26, 2031	1,500,000	0.88168%	1,500,000	0.88168%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on November 26, 2031	1,500,000	1.01250%	1,500,000	1.01250%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on November 26, 2031	500,000	1.01250%	500,000	1.01250%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on November 26, 2031	2,000,000	1.00034%	2,000,000	1.00034%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on November 26, 2031	1,000,000	1.00034%	1,000,000	1.00034%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on November 26, 2031	-	_	1,830,000	1.24910%
Unsecured loans from banks due on February 26, 2032	6,250,000	0.83563%	6,250,000	0.83563%
Unsecured loans from banks due on February 26, 2032	2,050,000	1.32480%	2,050,000	1.32480%
Unsecured loans from banks due on February 26, 2032	-	_	2,750,000	1.25160%
Unsecured loans from banks due on May 26, 2032	4,000,000	0.93188%	4,000,000	0.93188%
Unsecured loans from banks due on May 26, 2032	2,000,000	0.92006%	2,000,000	0.92006%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on May 26, 2032	500,000	0.92006%	500,000	0.92006%
Unsecured loans from banks due on May 26, 2032	1,500,000	1.07101%	1,500,000	1.07101%
Unsecured loans from banks due on May 26, 2032	2,250,000	1.06125%	2,250,000	1.06125%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on August 26, 2032	1,000,000	0.91688%	1,000,000	0.91688%
Unsecured loans from banks due on August 26, 2032	5,000,000	1.28875%	5,000,000	1.28875%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on August 26, 2032	1,000,000	1.28875%	1,000,000	1.28875%
Unsecured loans from banks due on November 26, 2032	5,400,000	1.13063%	5,400,000	1.13063%
Unsecured loans from banks due on February 28, 2033	2,800,000	1.35532%	2,800,000	1.35532%
Unsecured loans from banks due on August 26, 2033	2,800,000	1.42188%	2,800,000	1.42188%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on August 26, 2033	500,000	1.42188%	500,000	1.42188%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on November 28, 2033	-	_	2,550,000	1.51563%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on May 26, 2025 (Note 3)	561,300	2.17000%	539,900	2.17000%
Unsecured loans from a bank due on May 26, 2025 (Note 3)	561,300		539,900	2.21812%
Total	485,377,600		487,334,800	

- Note 1: The weighted-average interest rate is weighted by the balance of each borrowing at the end of the period and rounded to the nearest fifth decimal place.

 As for the borrowings, hedged by interest-rate swaps for the purpose of avoiding interest rate fluctuation risk, the swapped interest rates are used to calculate the weighted-average interest rate.
- Note 2: At the end of the period, these loans are accounted for under current liabilities on the balance sheets as the current portion of long-term borrowings.
- Note 3: Installments of ¥10.7 million will be made on the 26th day of every third month starting on August 26, 2013, with the remaining payment of ¥497.1 million to be repaid on May 26, 2025.

The scheduled repayment amounts of long-term debt for each of the five years after the balance sheet date are as follows.

	Within a year	1-2 years	2-3 years	3-4 years	4-5 years
As of August 31, 2023	47,935,600	65,762,000	62,600,000	52,725,000	51,785,000
As of February 29, 2024	50,810,600	65,994,200	78,005,000	57,215,000	45,410,000

- (1) The Company entered into \(\frac{\pman}{10}\),000 million of credit facilities in the form of commitment lines with two financial institutions for the fiscal period ended August 31, 2023. The total unused amount of such credit facilities was \(\frac{\pman}{10}\),000 million as of August 31, 2023.
- (2) The Company entered into \(\frac{\pmathbf{4}}{4}0,000\) million of credit facilities in the form of commitment lines with four financial institutions for the fiscal period ended August 31, 2023. The total unused amount of such credit facilities was \(\frac{\pmathbf{3}}{3}8,000\) million as of August 31, 2023.
- (3) The Company entered into ¥10,000 million of credit facilities in the form of commitment lines with two financial institutions for the fiscal period ended February 29, 2024. The total unused amount of such credit facilities was ¥10,000 million as of February 29, 2024.
- (4) The Company entered into \(\frac{\pmathbb{4}}{40,000}\) million of credit facilities in the form of commitment lines with four financial institutions for the fiscal period ended February 29, 2024. The total unused amount of such credit facilities was \(\frac{\pmathbb{4}}{40,000}\) million as of February 29, 2024.

8. INVESTMENT CORPORATION BONDS

Details of investment corporation bonds outstanding are summarized as follows.

	As of August	31, 2023	As of Februa	ary 29, 2024
	Amount (Thousands of Yen)	Interest rate (Note 1)	Amount (Thousands of Yen)	Interest rate (Note 1)
Former NMF's 1st series of unsecured investment corporation bonds due on October 30, 2024	3,000,000	0.87%	3,000,000	0.87%
NOF's 10th series of unsecured investment corporation bonds due on November 25, 2024	6,000,000	1.02%	6,000,000	1.02%
NMF's 2nd series of unsecured investment corporation bonds due on November 16, 2027	2,000,000	0.59%	2,000,000	0.59%
NOF's 7th series of unsecured investment corporation bonds due on March 17, 2028	4,500,000	2.90%	4,500,000	2.90%
NMF's 4th series of unsecured investment corporation bonds due on September 20, 2029 (green bonds)	3,000,000	0.53%	3,000,000	0.53%
NMF's 6th series of unsecured investment corporation bonds due on August 14, 2030 (green bonds)	7,000,000	0.54%	7,000,000	0.54%
NMF's 7th series of unsecured investment corporation bonds due on July 8, 2033	2,000,000	0.95%	2,000,000	0.95%
NMF's 3rd series of unsecured investment corporation bonds due on May 21, 2038	1,500,000	1.03%	1,500,000	1.03%
NMF's 5th series of unsecured investment corporation bonds due on September 20, 2039	5,000,000	0.90%	5,000,000	0.90%
Total	34,000,000		34,000,000	

Note 1: The interest rate is rounded to the nearest second decimal place.

The scheduled redemption amounts of investment corporation bonds for each of the five years after the balance sheet date are as follows.

Thousands of Yen

	Within a year	1-2 years	2-3 years	3-4 years	4-5 years
As of August 31, 2023	_	9,000,000	_	_	6,500,000
As of February 29, 2024	9,000,000	_	_	2,000,000	4,500,000

9. UNITHOLDERS' EQUITY

NMF issues only non-par value investment units in accordance with the Investment Trust Act. The entire amount of the issue price of new units is designated as stated capital. NMF is required to maintain net assets of at least \(\frac{1}{2}\)50,000 thousand as set forth in the Investment Trust Act.

10. ALLOWANCE FOR TEMPORARY DIFFERENCE ADJUSTMENTS

The movement in the allowance for temporary difference adjustments on the Balance Sheet was as follows:

For the period from March 1, 2023 to August 31, 2023

1. Reason, related assets and amounts

Thousands of Yen

Related assets, etc.	Reason	Initial amount	Balance at the end of previous period	Allowance set aside during period	Reversal during period	Balance at the end of current period	Reason for reversal
Goodwill	Amortization of goodwill	33,089,311	20,812,776	1,573,664	-	22,386,440	-
Land, buildings, etc.	Merger expenses	4,029,135	1,279,402	(17,648)	-	1,261,754	-
Deferred gains or losses on hedges	Loss on interest-rate swaps recognized at the end of the fiscal period	2,867,594	47,825	ı	(23,986)	23,838	Changes in fair value of derivative transactions
Increase - subtotal		-	22,140,004	1,556,016	(23,986)	23,672,034	-
Total		-	22,140,004	1,556,016	(23,986)	23,672,034	-

2. Method of reversal

(1) Amortization of goodwill

In principle, amortization of goodwill is not reversed.

(2) Merger expenses

-)	
Item	Method of reversal
Buildings, etc.	Upon depreciation and sale, etc., the corresponding amount is scheduled to be reversed.
Land	Upon sale, etc., the corresponding amount is scheduled to be reversed.
Buildings in trust, etc.	Upon depreciation or sale, etc., the corresponding amount is scheduled to be reversed.
Land in trust	Upon sale, etc., the corresponding amount is scheduled to be reversed.
Leasehold rights	
Leasehold rights in trust	

(3) Deferred gains or losses on hedges

Based on changes in the fair value of derivatives used as hedging instruments, the corresponding amount is scheduled to be reversed.

For the period from September 1, 2023 to February 29, 2024

1. Reason, related assets and amounts

Thousands of Yen

Related assets, etc.	Reason	Initial amount	Balance at the end of previous period	Allowance set aside during period	Reversal during period	Balance at the end of current period	Reason for reversal
Goodwill	Amortization of goodwill	33,089,311	22,386,440	-	1	22,386,440	-
Land, buildings, etc.	Merger expenses	4,029,135	1,261,754	-	(26,988)	1,234,766	Sales and depreciation of properties for which merger expenses were recorded
Deferred gains or losses on hedges	Loss on interest-rate swaps recognized at the end of the fiscal period	2,867,594	23,838	-	(19,744)	4,094	Changes in fair value of derivative transactions
Increase - subtotal		1	23,672,034	-	(46,732)	23,625,301	-
Total		-	23,672,034	-	(46,732)	23,625,301	-

2. Method of reversal

(1) Amortization of goodwill

In principle, amortization of goodwill is not reversed.

(2) Merger expenses

Item	Method of reversal
Buildings, etc.	Upon depreciation and sale, etc., the corresponding amount is scheduled to be reversed.
Land	Upon sale, etc., the corresponding amount is scheduled to be reversed.
Buildings in trust, etc.	Upon depreciation or sale, etc., the corresponding amount is scheduled to be reversed.
Land in trust	Upon sale, etc., the corresponding amount is scheduled to be reversed.
Leasehold rights	
Leasehold rights in trust	

(3) Deferred gains or losses on hedges

Based on changes in the fair value of derivatives used as hedging instruments, the corresponding amount is scheduled to be reversed.

11. PER UNIT INFORMATION

The net asset values per unit and the net income per unit as of and for the periods ended August 31, 2023 and February 29, 2024 were as follows:

	As of / For the period from March 1, 2023 to August 31, 2023	As of / For the period from September 1, 2023 to February 29, 2024
Net assets per unit	130,363	129,710
Net income per unit	3,551	2,748

Note 1: The net income per unit is calculated by dividing net income by the weighted-average number of units outstanding.

Note 2: The basis for calculating net income per unit is as follows.

	For the period from March 1, 2023 to August 31, 2023	For the period from September 1, 2023 to February 29, 2024
Net income (Thousands of Yen)	16,746,813	12,958,292
Amount not available to ordinary unitholders (Thousands of Yen)	-	-
Net income available to ordinary unitholders (Thousands of Yen)	16,746,813	12,958,292
Average number of units during the period (Units)	4,715,200	4,715,200

12. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

For the periods from March 1, 2023 to August 31, 2023 and from September 1, 2023 to February 29, 2024

Parent Company and major corporate unitholders

Not applicable.

Subsidiaries and affiliates

Not applicable.

Fellow subsidiary companies

Not applicable.

Directors and major individual unitholders

Not applicable.

13. INCOME TAXES

The Company, as an investment corporation, is subject to corporate income taxes at a statutory tax rate of approximately 31.46% for the fiscal period ended February 29, 2024. However, the Company may deduct dividend distributions paid to its unitholders from its taxable income amounts, provided such distributions meet the requirements under the Act on Special Measures Concerning Taxation of Japan. Under this act, an investment corporation must meet a number of tax requirements, including a requirement to distribute in excess of 90% of its distributable income for the fiscal period, in order to deduct such amounts. If the investment corporation does not satisfy all of the requirements, the entire taxable income of the investment corporation will be subject to regular corporate income taxes.

Since the Company distributed in excess of 90% of its distributable income in the form of cash distributions totaling ¥16,097,692 thousand for the fiscal period ended February 29, 2024, such distributions were treated as deductible distributions for purposes of corporate income taxes.

The following summarizes breakdown of deferred tax assets and liabilities:

Thousands of Yen

	For the period	For the period
	from March 1, 2023	from September 1, 2023
	to August 31, 2023	to February 29, 2024
Deferred tax asset:		
Valuation difference on other assets acquired by merger	17,752,622	17,672,946
Deferred gains or losses on hedges	1,288	_
Unearned revenue	731	_
Write-offs for long-term prepaid expenses	183	175
Depreciation costs of trust leasehold rights	2,310	2,431
Asset retirement obligations	9,017	22,744
Non-deductible accrued enterprise tax	_	_
Provision for loss on disaster	_	_
Subtotal	17,766,153	17,698,296
Valuation allowance	(17,766,153)	(17,698,296)
Total non-current deferred tax assets	_	-
Total deferred tax assets	_	-
Net deferred tax assets	_	_

The following summarizes the significant differences between the statutory tax rate and the effective tax rate.

	For the period from March 1, 2023 to August 31, 2023	For the period from September 1, 2023 to February 29, 2024
Statutory tax rate	31.46%	-
Deductible cash distributions	(30.13%)	(37.51%)
Valuation of allowance	(6.25%)	(0.31%)
Amortization of goodwill	4.93%	6.37%
Other	0.00%	0.00%
Effective tax rate	0.00%	0.00%

14. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Overview

(1) Policy for Financial Instruments

Upon acquisition of property-related assets, the Company may raise funds through certain financing methods including borrowings, issuance of investment corporation bonds and issuance of investment units. In financing through interest-bearing debt, to secure stable financing capability and reduce future risks of rising interest rates, the Company's investment policy is to secure longer-term, fixed-rate borrowings with well-diversified maturities.

The Company enters into derivative transactions only for the purpose of reducing risk of future interest rate fluctuations and does not engage in speculative transactions.

(2) Type and Risk of Financial Instruments and Related Risk Management

Borrowings and investment corporation bonds are primarily used to fund the acquisition of property-related assets as well as the repayment of debts and redemption of investment corporation bonds. The Company is exposed to liquidity risk of being unable to meet its obligations on scheduled due dates. The Company controls and limits such risk by diversifying not only the financial institutions, but also the type of financing to include the effective use of surplus funds and direct financing from the capital markets such as issuance of investment units. In addition, the Company is exposed to the market risk arising from fluctuations in interest rates on its floating-rate debt. However, the effect of such risk on the operation of the Company is limited by maintaining the LTV ratio at low levels and the ratio of long-term fixed-rate debt to total debt at high levels. Furthermore, the Company may utilize derivative transactions (interest-rate swap transactions) as a hedging instrument to reduce the market risk under floating-rate debt by swapping such floating-rate interest payments for fixed-rate interest payments.

Bank deposits are held as a means of investing surplus funds, and the Company is exposed to the credit risk that financial institutions may default. However, the effect of such risk is limited by diversifying the financial institutions with which surplus funds are deposited.

(3) Supplementary Explanation on Estimated Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The fair value of financial instruments is based on the quoted market price, if applicable. When there is no quoted market price available, fair value is reasonably estimated. Certain assumptions are used for the estimation of fair value. Accordingly, the result of such estimation may change if different assumptions are used. Furthermore, the contractual amounts of derivative transactions stated in "24. Derivatives and Hedge Accounting" below do not represent the market risk involved in these derivative transactions.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

For the period from March 1, 2023 to August 31, 2023

Carrying amount, fair value and the difference between the two as of August 31, 2023 are as follows.

"Cash and bank deposits," "Cash and bank deposits in trust," and "Short-term debt" approximate their carrying amounts due to cash and short term settlements, therefore, notes are omitted.

	Carrying value (Note 1)	Fair value (Note 1)	Difference
(i) Current portion of Investment	_	_	_
corporation bonds			
(ii) Current portion of long-term debt	(47,935,600)	(48,083,348)	147,748
(iii) Investment corporation bonds	(34,000,000)	(33,122,986)	(877,014)
(iv) Long-term debt	(437,442,000)	(434,542,119)	(2,899,880)
(v) Derivative transactions	(4,233)	(4,233)	_

For the period from September 1, 2023 to February 29, 2024

Carrying amount, fair value and the difference between the two as of February 29, 2024 are as follows.

"Cash and bank deposits," "Cash and bank deposits in trust," and "Short-term debt" approximate their carrying amounts due to cash and short term settlements, therefore, notes are omitted.

Thousands of Yen

	Carrying value (Note 1)	Fair value (Note 1)	Difference
(i) Current portion of Investment corporation bonds	(9,000,000)	(9,032,637)	32,637
(ii) Current portion of long-term debt	(50,810,600)	(50,898,948)	88,348
(iii) Investment corporation bonds	(25,000,000)	(24,047,309)	(952,691)
(iv) Long-term debt	(436,524,200)	(432,891,517)	(3,632,682)
(v) Derivative transactions	_	_	-

Note 1: The numbers in parenthesis indicate liabilities.

Note 2: Method for determining the fair value of financial instruments and derivative transactions

- (i) Current portion of Investment corporation bonds and (iii) Investment corporation bonds
 The fair value of investment corporation bonds issued by the Company is determined based on their market prices.
- (ii) Current portion of long-term debt and (iv)Long-term debt

For floating-rate long-term debt, the carrying value is reported as it is considered to be approximately equal to the fair value because such debt reflects the market interest rates within a short-term period. (However, the fair value of certain floating-rate long-term debt that qualifies for the special treatment of interest-rate swaps (see "24. Derivatives and Hedge Accounting") is determined by discounting the sum of its principal and interest payments net of any cash flows from the interest-rate swap at a rate reasonably estimated to be applicable to similar fixed-rate debt.) The fair value of fixed-rate long-term debt is determined by discounting the sum of its principal and interest payments at a rate reasonably estimated to be applicable to similar fixed-rate debt.

(v) Derivative transactions

See "24. Derivatives and Hedge Accounting."

Note 3: Redemption schedule for debt as of August 31, 2023

Thousands of Yen

	Due within one year	After one year, within two years	After two years, within three years	After three years, within four years	After four years, within five years	After five years
Investment corporation bonds	_	9,000,000	_	_	6,500,000	18,500,000
Long-term debt	47,935,600	65,762,000	62,600,000	52,725,000	51,785,000	204,570,000
Total	47,935,600	74,762,000	62,600,000	52,725,000	58,285,000	223,070,000

Redemption schedule for debt as of February 29, 2024

	Due within one year	After one year, within two years	After two years, within three years	After three years, within four years	After four years, within five years	After five years
Investment corporation bonds	9,000,000	_	_	2,000,000	4,500,000	18,500,000
Long-term debt	50,810,600	65,994,200	78,005,000	57,215,000	45,410,000	189,900,000
Total	59,810,600	65,994,200	78,005,000	59,215,000	49,910,000	208,400,000

15. ASSET RETIREMENT OBLIGATIONS

Asset retirement obligations that are reported on the balance sheet

1. Overview of the asset retirement obligations

The asset retirement obligations represent restoration obligations under fixed-term land leases.

2. Calculation method of the asset retirement obligations

Asset retirement obligations are calculated using the expected period of use, which is the fixed-term land lease term (41 to 42 years), and a discount rate of 1.412%.

3. Changes in total asset retirement obligations

		Thousands of Yen
	Previous period from March 1, 2023 to August 31, 2023	Current period from September 1, 2023 to February 29, 2024
Balance at beginning of period	-	382,713
Increase due to purchase of property, plant and equipment	381,341	-
Adjustments for passage of time	1,371	2,694
Balance at end of period	382,713	385,407

16. INVESTMENT AND RENTAL PROPERTIES

The Company owns leasable office, leasable retail facilities, leasable logistics facilities, leasable residential (including land) in Greater Tokyo area and other areas for the purpose of earning revenue from leasing. The following table summarizes the carrying value and the estimated fair value of these properties.

Thousands of Yen

	For the period from March 1, 2023 to August 31, 2023	For the period from September 1, 2023 to February 29, 2024
Carrying value		
Balance at beginning of the period	1,059,060,348	1,070,367,349
Amount of increase (decrease) during the period	11,307,001	3,908,358
Balance at end of the period	1,070,367,349	1,074,275,708
Fair value at end of the period	1,314,382,000	1,325,449,000

Note 1: The carrying value represents the acquisition cost less accumulated depreciation.

Note 2: Of the change in investment and rental properties, the increase during the previous period is mainly attributable to the acquisition of Landport Shinonome / Yasuda Soko (¥5,812,531 thousand), MEFULL Chayamachi (¥3,778,120 thousand), PROUD FLAT Kikukawa (¥2,826,454 thousand), PROUD FLAT Asakusa (¥2,516,055 thousand), PROUD FLAT Kinshicho II (¥2,117,673 thousand), SOMPO CARE La vie Re Residence Yoga (¥3,074,703 thousand), Grapes Tsujido Nishi-Kaigan (¥2,017,070 thousand), SOMPO CARE Sompo no ie Omori-Nishi (¥1,560,133 thousand), SOMPO CARE La vie Re Residence Shonan Tsujido (¥1,267,917 thousand). The decrease during the previous period is mainly attributable to the sale of NRE Higashi-nihonbashi Building (¥1,881,159 thousand), NMF Nagoya Yanagibashi Building (¥2,527,792 thousand), NMF Tenjin-Minami Building (¥2,001,814 thousand), PRIME URBAN Yoyogi (¥340,458 thousand), PRIME URBAN Nishi Shinjuku II (¥802,288 thousand), PRIME URBAN Sangen Jaya III (¥706,752 thousand), PRIME URBAN Shinagawa Nishi (¥502,410 thousand), PRIME URBAN Otsuka (¥662,798 thousand), PRIME URBAN Komagome (¥440,807 thousand), PRIME URBAN Kasai II (¥849,171 thousand), PRIME URBAN Asakusa (¥379,701 thousand), PRIME URBAN Gyotoku Ekimae (¥433,120 thousand), as well as depreciation (¥5,771,728 thousand). The increase during the current period is mainly attributable to the acquisition of Hotel Wing International Premium Kyoto-Sanjo (¥3,339,800 thousand), Proud Flat Shibuya Sasazuka (¥2,287,467 thousand), PROUD FLAT Asakusa DIAGE (¥1,357,724 thousand), Irize Urayasu (¥1,173,266 thousand). The decrease during the current period is mainly attributable to the sale of PRIME URBAN Kanayama (¥460,506 thousand), PRIME URBAN Kamimaezu (¥1,358,571 thousand), PRIME URBAN Chihaya (¥518,373 thousand), as well as depreciation (¥5,765,827 thousand).

Note 3: Fair value at the end of the period is the appraisal value or investigation value determined by investigation, found by an outside real estate appraiser.

However, in the previous period, transfer price is used as the fair value for PRIME URBAN Kanayama, PRIME URBAN Kamimaezu, PRIME URBAN Chihaya. In the current fiscal period, transfer price is used as the fair value for NMF Ueno Building, PRIME URBAN Iidabashi.

The income (loss) in the previous period (from March 1, 2023 to August 31, 2023) and current period (from September 1, 2023 to February 29, 2024) for investment and rental properties is as presented in "Notes to Statement of Income and Retained Earnings" earlier in this report.

17. REVENUE RECOGNITION

1. Information on disaggregation of revenues from contracts with customers

Previous period (from March 1, 2023 to August 31, 2023)

Thousands of Yen

	Revenues from contracts with customers (Note 1)	Sales to external customers
Proceeds from sales of real estate	6,072,000	(Note 2)4,706,215
Utility expense revenues	1,493,677	1,493,677
Other	-	37,445,642
Total	7,565,677	43,645,535

Note 1: Leasing business revenues, which are subject to ASBJ Statement No. 13, "Accounting Standard for Lease Transactions," and real estate transfers, which are subject to the "Practical Guidelines Concerning Accounting for the Transferors in Securitization of Real Estate Using SPCs" of the JICPA Accounting System Committee Report No. 15, are not subject to the Accounting Standard for Revenue Recognition, and are thus not included in the above amount. Note that the main revenues from contracts with customers are gains on sale of real estate and utilities expense revenues.

Note 2: Gains on sale of real estate are recorded as profits/losses on sale of real estate (the amount after deducting real estate disposition costs and other disposition costs from gains on sale of real estate) in the statement of income and retained earnings. Since NMF records gains on sale of real estate as operating revenues and losses on sale of real estate as operating expenses, only the amounts of gains on sale of real estate are described in the above table.

Current period (from September 1, 2023 to February 29, 2024)

Thousands of Yen

	Revenues from contracts with customers (Note 1)	Sales to external customers
Proceeds from sales of real estate	-	(Note 2) 542,158
Utility expense revenues	1,502,532	1,502,532
Other	-	37,330,726
Total	1,502,532	39,375,417

Note 1: Leasing business revenues, which are subject to ASBJ Statement No. 13, "Accounting Standard for Lease Transactions," and real estate transfers, which are subject to the "Practical Guidelines Concerning Accounting for the Transferors in Securitization of Real Estate Using SPCs" of the JICPA Accounting System Committee Report No. 15, are not subject to the Accounting Standard for Revenue Recognition, and are thus not included in the above amount. Note that the main revenues from contracts with customers are gains on sale of real estate and utilities expense revenues.

Note 2: Gains on sale of real estate are recorded as profits/losses on sale of real estate (the amount after deducting real estate disposition costs and other disposition costs from gains on sale of real estate) in the statement of income and retained earnings. Since NMF records gains on sale of real estate as operating revenues and losses on sale of real estate as operating expenses, only the amounts of gains on sale of real estate are described in the above table.

2. Basic information for understanding revenues from contracts with customers

Previous period (from March 1, 2023 to August 31, 2023)

Refer to the description in the notes concerning matters pertaining to significant accounting policies.

Current period (from September 1, 2023 to February 29, 2024)

Refer to the description in the notes concerning matters pertaining to significant accounting policies.

3. Information on the satisfaction of performance obligations based on contracts with customers, relationships with cash flows arising from the contracts, and the amounts of revenues which arise from outstanding contracts with customers as of the end of the accounting period under review and will be recognized in the next accounting period onwards, as well as the timing to recognize the revenues

(1) Balances of contract assets and liabilities

Thousands of Yen

	Previous period from March 1, 2023 to August 31, 2023	Current period from September 1, 2023 to February 29, 2024
Receivables from contracts with customers (balance as of the beginning of the fiscal period)	466,028	463,189
Receivables from contracts with customers (balance as of the end of the fiscal period)	463,189	396,112
Contract assets (balance as of the beginning of the fiscal period)	-	-
Contract assets (balance as of the end of the fiscal period)	-	-
Contract liabilities (balance as of the beginning of the fiscal period)	-	-
Contract liabilities (balance as of the end of the fiscal period)	-	-

(2) Transaction prices allocated to remaining performance obligations

Previous period (from March 1, 2023 to August 31, 2023)

Not applicable.

Concerning utility expense revenues, NMF recognizes them with the amounts for which it has the right to claim according to item 19 of the Implementation Guidance on the Accounting Standard for Revenue Recognition. This is because NMF has the right to receive the amounts of consideration, which directly correspond to the value for customers or tenants, from customers for the portions where the obligations are satisfied before the end of a fiscal period. Accordingly, adopting the stipulation of item 80-22 (2) of the Accounting Standard for Revenue Recognition, utility expense revenues are not included in the note on transaction prices allocated to remaining performance obligations.

Current period (from September 1, 2023 to February 29, 2024)

As of February 29, 2024, the transaction price allocated to remaining performance obligations relating to the sale of real estate and other assets was ¥9,174,000 thousand for which purchase and sale agreements were concluded on January 26, 2024, and February 7, 2024.

Of the remaining performance obligations, NMF completed the transfer of \$6,930,000 thousand of the relevant real estate and other assets on April 1, 2024 and \$2,244,000 thousand of the relevant real estate and other assets on April 24, 2024 and expects to recognize a gain in the August 31, 2024 (18th) fiscal period.

Concerning utility expense revenues, NMF recognizes them with the amounts for which it has the right to claim according to item 19 of the Implementation Guidance on the Accounting Standard for Revenue Recognition. This is because NMF has the right to receive the amounts of consideration, which directly correspond to the value for customers or tenants, from customers for the portions where the obligations are satisfied before the end of a fiscal period. Accordingly, adopting the stipulation of item 80-22 (2) of the Accounting Standard for Revenue Recognition, utility expense revenues are not included in the note on transaction prices allocated to remaining performance obligations.

18. SEGMENT INFORMATION

For the periods from March 1, 2023 to August 31, 2023 and from September 1, 2023 to February 29, 2024 Segment Information

Since the Company has been engaged in the real estate leasing business as a single segment, segment information has been omitted.

Related Information

1. Information about products and services

Since revenues from external customers for products and services within a single segment are more than 90 percent of total operating revenues, information about products and services has been omitted.

- 2. Information about geographical areas
 - (1) Revenues

Since more than 90 percent of the total operating revenues were generated from external customers in Japan, a geographical breakdown of revenues has been omitted.

(2) Property and equipment

Since more than 90 percent of the total property and equipment on the balance sheet are located in Japan, a geographical breakdown of property and equipment has been omitted.

3. Information about major clients

For the period from March 1, 2023 to August 31, 2023

Customer name Revenues (Thousands of Yen)		Related segment name		
Nomura Real Estate Partners Co., Ltd. 5,440,104		Rental real estate business		
For the period from September 1, 2023 to February 29, 2024				
	Customer name Revenues (Thousands of Yen) Related segment name			
	Nomura Real Estate Partners Co., Ltd.	5,454,536	Rental real estate business	

19. BREAKDOWN OF REAL ESTATE RENTAL REVENUES AND EXPENSES

Real estate rental revenues and expenses for the fiscal periods ended August 31, 2023 and February 29, 2024 consist of the following:

Thousands of Yen

	For the period	For the period
	•	·
	from March 1, 2023	from September 1, 2023
	to August 31, 2023	to February 29, 2024
Real estate rental revenues	38,939,320	38,833,259
Rental revenues	35,801,394	35,631,155
Rental revenues	33,613,117	33,456,338
Common area charges	2,188,276	2,174,817
Other rental revenues	3,137,925	3,202,103
Parking revenues	631,156	631,871
Incidental income	2,293,552	2,298,042
Other miscellaneous revenues	213,215	272,189
Real estate rental expenses	17,622,483	17,404,131
Property management costs	1,888,952	1,898,421
Property management fees	1,109,248	966,131
Property and other taxes	3,467,680	3,427,452
Utility expenses	1,993,696	1,903,255
Casualty insurance	63,957	65,171
Repairs and maintenance	1,699,739	1,843,267
Land rents	231,108	262,295
Depreciation	5,780,256	5,775,315
Other rental expenses	1,387,844	1,262,821
Real estate rental profits	21,316,836	21,429,127

20. BREAKDOWN OF GAIN AND LOSS ON SALES OF REAL ESTATE

For the period from March 1, 2023 to August 31, 2023

		Thousands of Yen
NRE Higashi-nihonbashi Building		
(Quasi co-ownership of 50%)		
Proceeds from sales of real estate	2,260,000	
Cost of sales of real estate	1,881,159	
Other related sales expenses	27,606	
Gain on sales of real estate	·	351,234

PRIME URBAN Yoyogi, PRIME URBAN Nishi Shinjuku II , PRIME URBAN Sangen Jaya III, PRIME URBAN Shinagawa Nishi, PRIME URBAN Komagome, PRIME URBAN Kasai II , PRIME URBAN Asakusa, PRIME URBAN Gyotoku Ekimae

Proceeds from sales of real estate	6,283,000	
Cost of sales of real estate	4,454,711	
Other related sales expenses	274,345	
Gain on sales of real estate		1,553,942

Although the transfer is based on a single sales contract to the same transferee, the sales prices are undisclosed as consent has not been obtained from the transferee to disclose the sale price of each property.

NMF Nagoya Yanagibashi Building		
Proceeds from sales of real estate	4,410,000	
Cost of sales of real estate	2,527,792	
Other related sales expenses	177,969	
Gain on sales of real estate		1,704,237
NMF Tenjin-Minami Building		
Proceeds from sales of real estate	3,040,000	
Cost of sales of real estate	2,001,814	
Other related sales expenses	37,099	
Gain on sales of real estate		1,001,085
		_
PRIME URBAN Otsuka Building		
Proceeds from sales of real estate	772,000	
Cost of sales of real estate	662,798	
Other related sales expenses	13,486	
Gain on sales of real estate		95,714

For the period from September 1, 2023 to February 29, 2024

		Thousands of Yen
PRIME URBAN Kanayama Building		
Proceeds from sales of real estate	610,000	
Cost of sales of real estate	460,506	
Other related sales expenses	11,265	
Gain on sales of real estate		138,228
PRIME URBAN Kamimaezu Building		
Proceeds from sales of real estate	1,754,000	
Cost of sales of real estate	1,358,571	
Other related sales expenses	22,141	
Gain on sales of real estate		373,287
PRIME URBAN Chihaya Building		
Proceeds from sales of real estate	560,000	
Cost of sales of real estate	518,373	
Other related sales expenses	10,983	
Gain on sales of real estate		30,642

21. BREAKDOWN OF EXTRAORDINARY GAIN

For the period from March 1, 2023 to August 31, 2023

A reversal of the allowance of ¥17,909 thousand concerning restoration work from the 2021 Fukushima earthquake disaster is recorded.

For the period from September 1, 2023 to February 29, 2024

Not applicable.

22. BREAKDOWN OF EXTRAORDINARY LOSS

For the period from March 1, 2023 to August 31, 2023

Not applicable.

For the period from September 1, 2023 to February 29, 2024

Not applicable.

23. LEASES

(As lessee)

The future minimum rental payments to owners under non-cancelable operating leases of properties as of August 31, 2023 and February 29, 2024 are summarized as follows:

Thousands of Yen

	As of August 31, 2023	As of February 29, 2024
Due within one year	124,176	124,176
Due after one year	5,056,924	4,994,836
Total	5,181,100	5,119,012

(As lessor)

The future minimum rental revenues from tenants under non-cancelable operating leases of properties as of August 31, 2023 and February 29, 2024 are summarized as follows:

Thousands of Yen

	As of August 31, 2023	As of February 29, 2024
Due within one year	39,509,351	38,271,196
Due after one year	94,552,003	93,030,027
Total	134,061,355	131,301,224

24. DERIVATIVES AND HEDGE ACCOUNTING

Derivative transactions as of August 31, 2023

- (1) There were no derivative financial instruments not subject to hedge accounting.
- (2) Derivative financial instruments subject to hedge accounting were as follows:

Thousands of Yen

Hedge accounting method	Type of derivative instruments	Main hedged item	Notional amount (Note 1)		Fair value (Note 2)
				Due after one year	
Principal treatment method	Interest-rate swaps: Received/floating and paid/fixed	Long-term debt	2,000,000	_	(4,233) ^(Note 3)
Special treatment of interest-rate swaps	Interest-rate swaps: Received/floating and paid/fixed	Long-term debt	22,361,300	14,018,500	(71,809) (Note 4)
Total	•		24,361,300	14,018,500	(76,043)

Note 1: Contract amount is based on notional amount.

Note 2: Fair value is measured by swap counterparty, based on the actual market interest rate, etc.

Note 3: Out of the fair value, (¥139 thousand) is booked as "accrued expenses" on the Balance Sheet.

Note 4: Out of the fair value, (¥71,809 thousand) is not marked to market on the Balance Sheet, since adopting special treatment for interest-rate swaps.

Derivative transactions as of February 29, 2024

- (1) There were no derivative financial instruments not subject to hedge accounting.
- (2) Derivative financial instruments subject to hedge accounting were as follows:

Thousands of Yen

Hedge accounting	Type of derivative	Main hedged item	Notional amount		Fair value (Note 2)
method	instruments		(No	te 1)	
				Due after	
				one year	
Special treatment of	Interest-rate swaps:	Long-term debt	19,739,900	9,797,100	(39,777) (Note 3)
interest-rate swaps	Received/floating and				
	paid/fixed				

Note 1: Contract amount is based on notional amount.

Note 2: Fair value is measured by swap counterparty, based on the actual market interest rate, etc.

Note 3: Out of the fair value, (¥39,777 thousand) is booked as "accrued expenses" on the Balance Sheet.

25. CASH DISTRIBUTIONS

	For the period	For the period	
	from March 1, 2023	from September 1, 2023	
	to August 31, 2023	to February 29, 2024	
1. Retained earnings at end of period	16,772,428,024	13,560,547,559	
2. Reversal of voluntary retained earnings			
Of which, reversal of reserve for tax purpose reduction entry of replacement assets	-	82,329,695	
3. Distributions in excess of retained earnings	-	2,470,764,800	
Of which, allowance for temporary difference adjustment	-	2,409,467,200	
Of which, other distributions in excess of net income	-	61,297,600	
4. Incorporation into unitholders' capital	46,732,799	13,640,395	
Of which, reversal of allowance for temporary difference adjustments	46,732,799	13,640,393	
5. Distributions	16,041,110,400	16,097,692,800	
[Distributions (per unit)]	(3,402)	(3,414	
Of which, distributions of earnings	16,041,110,400	13,626,928,000	
[Of which, distributions of earnings (per unit)]	(3,402)	(2,890	
Of which, allowance for temporary difference adjustments	_	2,409,467,200	
[Of which, allowance for temporary difference adjustments (per unit)]	(-)	(511	
Of which, other distributions in excess of net income	-	61,297,600	
[Of which, other distributions in excess of net income (per unit)]	(-)	(13	
6.Voluntary retained earnings	82,329,695		
Provision of reserve for tax purpose reduction entry of replacement assets	82,329,695		
7. Retained earnings carried forward	602,255,130	2,308,859	

Calculation method of distribution amount

NMF calculates distributions in accordance with the cash distribution policies as specified in Article 36, paragraphs 1 and 2 of NMF's Articles of Incorporation. For the fiscal period under review, NMF decided to distribute \(\frac{\pmathbf{\pmat

26. INFORMATION ON ALLOWANCE FOR TEMPORARY DIFFERENCE ADJUSTMENTS

For the period from March 1, 2023 to August 31, 2023

1. Reason for reversal, related assets and amounts

Thousands of Yen

Related assets, etc.	Reason for reversal	Provision of allowance	
		for temporary difference adjustments	
Land, Buildings, etc.	Sale and depreciation of properties for	(26,988)	
	which merger expenses were recorded		
Deferred gains or losses on hedges	Changes in fair value of derivatives	(19,744)	
Total		(46,732)	

2. Method of reversal

(1) Amortization of goodwill

In principle, amortization of goodwill is not reversed.

(2) Merger expenses

Item	Method of reversal			
Buildings, etc.	Upon depreciation or sale, the corresponding amount is scheduled to be reversed.			
Land	Upon sale, the corresponding amount is scheduled to be reversed.			
Buildings in trust, etc.	Upon depreciation or sale, the corresponding amount is scheduled to be reversed.			
Land in trust, etc.				
Leasehold	Upon sale, the corresponding amount is scheduled to be reversed			
Leasehold in trust				

(3) Long-term deposits

In principle, long-term deposits are not reserved.

(4) Deferred gains or losses on hedges

The amount corresponding to changes in the fair value of derivatives used as hedging instruments is scheduled to be reversed.

For the period from September 1, 2023 to February 29, 2024

1. Reason for reversal, related assets and amounts

Thousands of Yen

Related assets, etc.	Reason for reversal	Provision of allowance			
		for temporary difference adjustments			
Goodwill	Amortization of goodwill 2				
Buildings, etc.	Asset retirement obligations				
Leasehold rights, etc.	Amortization of Leasehold rights				
Land	Cost of sales of land	150,750			
Increase subtotal		2,817,008			
Buildings, facilities, etc.	Depreciation deficiency equivalent	(404,010)			
Unearned revenue, etc.	Write-down of loss on interest rate swap	(2,324)			
	due to merger				
Other	-	(1,206)			
Decrease subtotal		(407,541)			
Total		2,409,467			

2. Reason for reversal, related assets and amounts

Thousands of Yen

Related assets, etc.	Reason for reversal	Provision of allowance	
		for temporary difference adjustments	
Land, Buildings, etc.	Sale and depreciation of properties for	(9,546)	
	which merger expenses were recorded		
Deferred gains or losses on hedges	Changes in fair value of derivatives	(4,094)	
Total		(13,640)	

3. Method of reversal

(1) Amortization of goodwill

In principle, amortization of goodwill is not reversed.

(2) Merger expenses

Item	Method of reversal			
Buildings, etc.	Upon depreciation or sale, the corresponding amount is scheduled to be reversed.			
Land	Upon sale, the corresponding amount is scheduled to be reversed.			
Buildings in trust, etc.	Upon depreciation or sale, the corresponding amount is scheduled to be reversed.			
Land in trust, etc.				
Leasehold	Upon sale, the corresponding amount is scheduled to be reversed			
Leasehold in trust				

(3) Long-term deposits

In principle, long-term deposits are not reserved.

(4) Deferred gains or losses on hedges

The amount corresponding to changes in the fair value of derivatives used as hedging instruments is scheduled to be reversed.

27. SIGNIFICANT SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Asset Sales

NMF sold the following assets after the conclusion of the 17th fiscal period (February 29, 2024).

Property Name	Type of asset	Use	Contract date	Transfer date	Buyer	Transfer price (millions of yen)	Impact on 18th fiscal period earnings (Scheduled) (millions of yen) (Note)
NRE Ueno Building	Real estate	Office	January 26, 2024	April 1, 2024	Nomura Real Estate Developme nt Co., Ltd.	6,930	281
PRIME URBAN Iidabashi	Trust beneficiary interest in mainly real estate	Resid ential	February 7, 2024	April 24, 2024	Nomura Real Estate Developme nt Co., Ltd.	2,244	340

⁽Note) The impact on earnings for 18th fiscal period (March 1, 2024 to August 31, 2024) will be recorded as gain on sales of real estate under operating revenues.